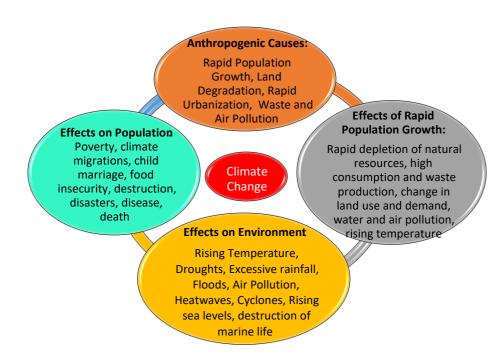


# NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT THEMATIC AREA: ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE



## **Environment and climate change**

#### Focus:

This thematic area addresses the critical intersection of environment and climate change, emphasizing the need for comprehensive strategies to enhance resilience, mitigate adverse impacts, and promote sustainable development. The focus encompasses four key sub-themes which are detailed as follows:

#### i. Disasters, Risk Resilience, and Sendai Framework Implementation

This sub-theme focuses on understanding and mitigating the risks associated with natural and man-made disasters. It involves implementing the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, which aims to substantially reduce disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods, and health. The emphasis is on building resilient communities and collaborative efforts are needed to integrate disaster risk reduction into national and local policies and plans.

#### ii. Population, Health, and Environment (PHE) Integrated Approaches

The PHE approach recognizes the interconnectedness of population dynamics, health, and environmental sustainability. This sub-theme aims to develop integrated interventions that address the overlapping challenges of rapid population growth, environmental degradation, and poor health outcomes. By promoting family planning, improving health services, and fostering sustainable resource use, PHE approaches can enhance the well-being of communities while protecting the environment. Multisectoral partnerships and community engagement are crucial for the successful implementation of PHE strategies.

#### iii. Climate Change Vulnerability, Mitigation, and Adaptation

Addressing climate change requires a dual focus on vulnerability reduction and proactive measures to mitigate and adapt to its impacts. This sub-theme involves assessing the vulnerability of different regions and populations to climate change, developing strategies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and implementing adaptive measures to enhance resilience. Activities may include promoting renewable energy, improving agricultural practices, protecting biodiversity, and strengthening infrastructure to withstand climate impacts.

#### iv. Climate Financing Strategies

Sustainable climate action necessitates adequate financing to support mitigation and adaptation efforts. This sub-theme explores innovative climate financing strategies, including public and private sector investments, international climate funds, and carbon markets. The goal is to mobilize financial resources to implement climate

resilient projects and technologies, particularly in vulnerable and low-income communities. Effective climate financing requires transparent governance, accountability, and the integration of climate considerations into development planning.

### v. Urban Waste Management

Urban waste management is a critical component of sustainable urban development and environmental protection. This sub-theme focuses on developing efficient and sustainable waste management systems to address the challenges of increasing urbanization and waste generation. Strategies include promoting waste reduction, recycling, and reuse, improving waste collection and disposal infrastructure, and fostering community participation in waste management practices. Integrating innovative technologies and best practices can significantly reduce the environmental footprint of urban areas.

#### Conclusion

The thematic area of Environment and Climate Change addresses multifaceted challenges that require holistic and integrated approaches. Collaboration, innovation, and strategic planning are key to ensuring a sustainable future for all.